### Trend Study 10R-29-99

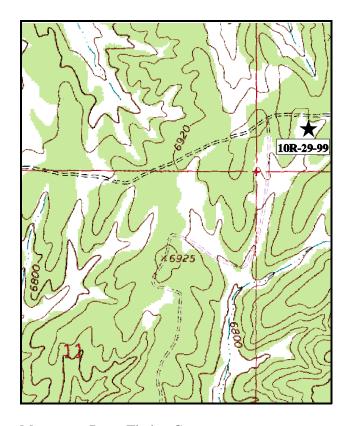
Study site name: <u>Massey Junction</u>. Range type: <u>Big Sagebrush</u>.

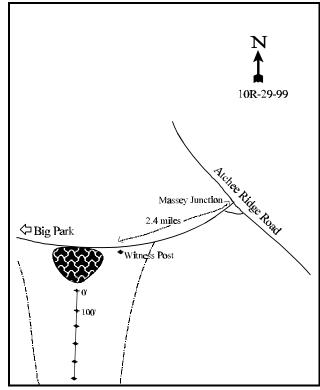
Compass bearing: frequency baseline 175°M.

Footmark (first frame placement) 5 feet, footmarks (frequency belts) line 1(11ft), line 2(34 ft), line 3(59 ft), line 4(71 ft) line 5 (95 ft).

# **LOCATION DESCRIPTION**

From Massey Junction off Atchee Ridge Road. Follow the road east towards Big Park 2.4 miles to a witness post on the left side of the road. From the witness post the 0' post is located down the canyon near the tip of the P-J Island separating the two drainages. The baseline continues down the draw.





Map name: Burnt Timber Canyon

Township <u>13 S</u>, Range <u>24 E</u>, Section <u>1</u>.

Diagrammatic Sketch

UTM 4396959.412 N, 655569.419 E

#### DISCUSSION

#### Trend Study No. 10R-29

The Massey Junction trend study was established in 1999. It samples a narrow draw surrounded by a pinyon-juniper woodland. The draw was burned 10 to 15 years ago and now supports a salt desert shrub type. The site has a slight slope (3%) to the south and an elevation of approximately 7,000 feet. This area is used as winter range for deer and elk and grazed by cattle in the fall and spring. Pellet group data estimated 24 deer and 145 elk days use/acre (59 ddu/ha and 358 edu/ha). Cattle use was estimated at 36 days use/acre (89 cdu/ha). About one-half of the big game pellet groups and cattle pats were over one-year old. Rabbit pellets are also very common. This area is within the Atchee Ridge allotment which permits cattle grazing from June through September on a deferred rest rotation basis.

Soil at the site is moderately deep but compacted. Effective rooting depth is estimated at nearly 17 inches. There is little rock or pavement on the surface or within the soil profile. Soil texture is a clay loam with a soil reaction that is slightly alkaline (pH of 7.5). Organic matter is relatively high at 5.4%. Due to the abundant vegetation and litter cover, erosion is not significant at this time.

The site supports three preferred browse species: bud sage, fourwing saltbush, and winterfat. The largest shrub is fourwing saltbush which provides 60% of the browse cover. It numbers 2,100 plants/acre, 71% of which are large mature plants. Use is moderate to heavy yet vigor is normal on most plants and percent decadence is relatively low at 22%. The dead to live plant ratio is low (15:1). Winterfat is the most abundant shrub at a density of 10,780 plants/acre. These shrubs are short, averaging only 10 inches in height with a crown of only eight inches. Use is currently classified as light but may have been heavy in the past which kept these plants from growing taller. Most of the plants sampled are mature (93%) with young plants being fairly numerous. Bud sagebrush is abundant at 7,000 mostly mature plants/acre. Use is moderate to heavy with normal vigor. These shrubs are also short with mature plants averaging only seven inches in height with a crown diameter of seven inches. Continual use is likely the reason for this short height.

The herbaceous understory is abundant and dominated by thickspike wheatgrass which provides 78% of the grass cover and 76% of the total herbaceous cover. The only other common grass is cheatgrass. It is scattered throughout the site and accounts for 21% of the total grass cover. Forbs are rare with only two species being sampled, combined they produce only 1% cover.

## 1999 APPARENT TREND ASSESSMENT

There is little bare ground with abundant vegetation and litter cover to protect the soil. The key browse populations appear stable with good vigor, low percent decadence and adequate reproduction. The herbaceous understory is abundant and dominated by thickspike wheatgrass. There is some cheatgrass on the site, where it accounts for 21% of the grass cover. Forbs are rare on this site.

# HERBACEOUS TRENDS --

Herd unit 10R, Study no: 29

T Species y	·	Nested Frequency	Quadrat Frequency	Average Cover %		
p e		'99	'99	'99		
G Agropyron dasy	stachyum	428	97	26.81		
G Bouteloua graci	ilis	15	5	.36		
G Bromus tectoru	m (a)	335	90	7.25		
G Sitanion hystrix	ζ	1	1	.03		
Total for Annual (	Grasses	335	90	7.25		
Total for Perennia	l Grasses	444	103	27.20		
Total for Grasses		779	193	34.46		
F Descurainia pir	ınata (a)	12	6	.03		
F Sphaeralcea coo	ccinea	85	33	.97		
Total for Annual I	Forbs	12	6	0.03		
Total for Perennia	l Forbs	85	33	0.97		
Total for Forbs		97	39	1.00		

# BROWSE TRENDS --

Herd unit 10R, Study no: 29

T y	Species	Strip Frequency	Average Cover %			
p e		'99	'99			
В	Artemisia spinescens	50	2.03			
В	Artemisia tridentata wyomingensis	1	-			
В	Atriplex canescens	63	8.95			
В	Ceratoides lanata	95	4.01			
В	Gutierrezia sarothrae	3	-			
To	otal for Browse	212	15.00			

#### BASIC COVER --

Herd unit 10R, Study no: 29

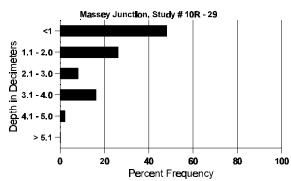
Cover Type	Nested Frequency '99	Average Cover % '99			
Vegetation	484	52.90			
Rock	28	.11			
Pavement	191	3.76			
Litter	484	49.88			
Cryptogams	4	.03			
Bare Ground	267	12.93			

## SOIL ANALYSIS DATA --

Herd Unit 10R, Study # 29, Study Name: Massey Junction

Effective rooting depth (inches)	Temp °F (depth)	рН	%sand	%silt	%clay	%0M	PPM P	РРМ К	dS/m
16.9	67.8 (18.0)	7.5	28.9	34.6	36.6	5.4	17.1	336.0	0.8

# Stoniness Index



# PELLET GROUP FREQUENCY --

Herd unit 10R, Study no: 29

Type	Quadrat Frequency						
	'99						
Rabbit	16						
Elk	25						
Deer	19						
Cattle	6						

Pellet Transect										
Pellet Groups per Acre	Days Use per Acre (ha)									
'99	'99									
992	N/A									
1174	90(222)									
208	16(40)									
313	26(64)									

## BROWSE CHARACTERISTICS --

Herd unit 10R, Study no: 29

Herd ui	nit 10R,	Study	no: 29	)												
A Y G R	Form Class (No. of Plants)  Vigor Class													Plants Per Acre	Average (inches)	Total
Е	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1	2	3	4		Ht. Cr.	
Artem	isia spin	escens	S													
S 99	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	20		1
Y 99	13	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	13	-	-	-	260		13
M 99	202	84	44	6	1	-	-	-	-	337	-	-	-	6740	7 7	337
% Plar	nts Show '99	_	<u>Mo</u> 24%	derate %	Use	<u>Hea</u>	ivy Us 6	<u>e</u>		oor Vigor )%				<u>.</u>	%Change	
Total I	Plants/A	cre (ex	xcludir	ng Dea	ad & S	Seedlir	ıgs)					'99		7000	Dec:	-
Artem	isia tride	entata	trident	tata												
X 99	=	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	400		20
% Plar	nts Show '99	_	<u>Mo</u> 00%	derate 6	Use	<u>Hea</u>	ivy Us 6	<u>e</u>		oor Vigor )%				<u>.</u>	%Change	
Total I	Plants/A	cre (ex	xcludir	ng Dea	nd & S	Seedlin	ıgs)					'99		0	Dec:	-
Artem	isia tride	entata	wyomi	ingens	sis											
M 99	1	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	20	34 31	1
X 99	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	100		5
% Plar	nts Show '99	_	<u>Mo</u>	derate %	Use	<u>Hea</u>	ivy Us 6	<u>e</u>		oor Vigor )%				<u>.</u>	%Change	
Total I	Plants/A	cre (ex	xcludir	ng Dea	ad & S	Seedlin	igs)					'99		20	Dec:	-
Atriple	ex canes	cens														
Y 99	3	3	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	7	-	-	-	140		7
M 99	21	24	11	1	8	10	-	-	-	75	-	-	-	1500	33 41	75
D 99	4	9	4	-	1	5	-	-	-	16	-	-	7	460		23
X 99	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	140		7
% Plar	nts Show '99	_	<u>Mo</u> 43%	derate 6	Use	<u>Hea</u>	ivy Us 6	<u>e</u>		oor Vigor 7%				<u>.</u>	%Change	
	Plants/A		xcludir	ng Dea	nd & S	Seedlin	ıgs)					'99		2100	Dec:	22%
	ides lan									25				700		25
Y 99	35	- 20	-	- 52	-	1.4	-	-	-	35	-	-	-	700	10 0	35
M 99	401	28	-	53	6	14	-	-	-	502	-	-	1	10040	10 8	502
D 99		-	-	- 1	1	1	- II-	-	-	1	-	-	1	40	)/ <b>Cl</b>	2
% Plar	nts Show '99	_	<u>Mo</u> 06%	derate 6	Use	<u>Hea</u>	ivy Us 6	<u>e</u>		oor Vigor 8%				<u>.</u>	%Change	
Total I	Plants/A	cre (ex	<u>kcludi</u> r	ng Dea	nd & S	Seedlin	igs)					'99		10780	Dec:	0%

	Y R							C				Plants Average Per Acre (inches)			Total			
Е		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1	2	3	4		Ht. Cr.		
G	Gutierrezia sarothrae																	
Y	99	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	20			1
M	99	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	-	-	80	6	6	4
%	<u> </u>							oor Vigor )%	-			- -	%Change					
Total Plants/Acre (excluding Dead & Seedlings)													'99	)	100	Dec:		-